

QUBIP

Quantum-oriented Update to Browsers
and Infrastructure For the PQ Transition

POST QUANTUM NEWS

Updates

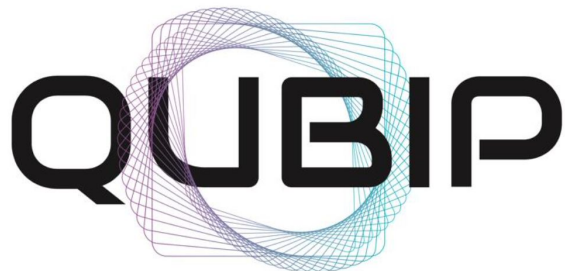
MOLTENI MARIA CHIARA | SECURITY PATTERN



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QUBIP Horizon Europe

GA 101119746



Quantum-oriented Update to Browsers
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We are a multi-disciplinary team of experts united by a single goal, to design a reference and replicable transition process to Post-Quantum Cryptography of protocols, networks and systems

- Started September 2023
- 3 years project



Overview

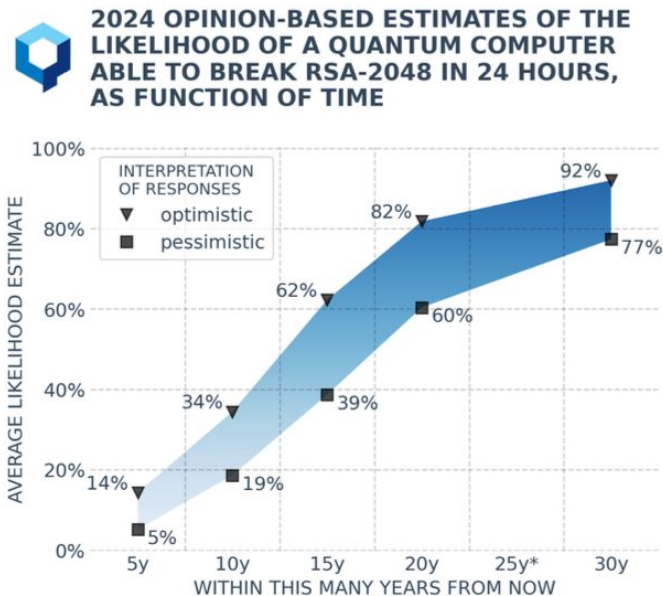
- How did 2024 Post Quantum research go?
 - Quantum threat timeline report 2024
 - IBM quantum roadmap from 2024 on
 - BSI study on quantum computer development
- New standard drafts
 - NIST SP 800-227
 - NIST IR 8547
- Other news
 - Accenture and QuSecure
 - QSNS workshop

How did 2024 Post Quantum research go?



Quantum Threat Timeline Report 2024

- Report by Global Risk Institute and evolutionQ
- The **quantum threat** may be closer than previously thought. In 2024:
 - Major advances in Quantum Error Correction (QEC)
 - Architectures other than superconducting systems show potential
 - New quantum leaders
 - New NIST's PQC standards published
- **Takeaways:**
 - Proactive quantum threat mitigation
 - Well-planned quantum-safe transition



<https://globalriskinstitute.org/publication/2024-quantum-threat-timeline-report/>

IBM Quantum Roadmap from 2024 on

2024 Expand the utility of quantum computing	2025 Demonstrate quantum-centric supercomputing	2026 Automate and increase the depth of quantum circuits	2027 Scale quantum computing	2029 Deliver a fully error-corrected system	2033+ Deliver quantum-centric supercomputers with 1000's of logical qubits
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- In 2025, IBM will demonstrate the **first quantum-centric supercomputer**.
- They will also enhance the quality, execution, speed, and parallelization of **quantum circuits**.
 - They will make **quantum computing easier to use** by abstracting quantum circuits into quantum functions and Qiskit patterns

<https://www.ibm.com/roadmaps/quantum/>

BSI Study on Quantum Computer Development

- Current state of affairs in the **theoretical aspects and physical implementation** of quantum computing
- **Takeaways:**
 - Quantum algorithms:
 - Shor's and Regev's algorithms are promising but are not yet efficient
 - New heuristic algorithms lack proofs of convergence
 - Quantum computers:
 - *Fault-tolerant quantum computers*: high performance, significant overhead
 - *NISQ (Noisy Intermediate-Scale Quantum)*: systems effective for small problems, unlikely to achieve cryptanalytic quantum advantage
- **Challenges:**
 - Diverse hardware platforms face unique scaling and performance issues
 - Secrecy in research and competition complicates predictions

https://www.bsi.bund.de/SharedDocs/Downloads/DE/BSI/Publikationen/Studien/Quantencomputer/Entwicklungsstand_QC_V_2_1.html

New standard drafts



NIST SP 800-227

- NIST has introduced SP 800-227, “**Recommendations for Key-Encapsulation Mechanisms**”, to provide guidelines for their secure implementation
 - Published on Jan. 7th, public comments period will end on March 7th
 - The recommendations apply to all KEMs
- Conditions to use KEM securely:
 - The selected **KEM** is approved
 - The **devices** used to execute KEM algorithms are secured
 - The key-establishment process satisfies an application-appropriate notion of integrity
 - The **shared secret key** produced by the KEM is used in a secure way

<https://nvlpubs.nist.gov/nistpubs/SpecialPublications/NIST.SP.800-227.ipd.pdf>

NIST IR 8547

- NIST has published NIST IR 8547: “**Transition to Post-Quantum Cryptography Standards**” to describe the expected approach for the transition
 - Published on Nov. 12th, public comments period was closed on Jan. 10th
- Transition plan
- Traditional algorithms deprecation and disallowment dates

<https://csrc.nist.gov/pubs/ir/8547/ipd>

Digital signature algorithm family	Parameters	Transition
ECDSA [FIPS 186]	112 bits of security strength	Deprecated after 2030 Disallowed after 2035
	>= 128 bits of security strength	Disallowed after 2035
EdDSA [FIPS 186]	>= 128 bits of security strength	Disallowed after 2035
RSA [FIPS 186]	112 bits of security strength	Deprecated after 2030 Disallowed after 2035
	>= 128 bits of security strength	Disallowed after 2035

Digital signature algorithm family	Parameters	Transition
Finite Field DH and MQV [SP80056A]	112 bits of security strength	Deprecated after 2030 Disallowed after 2035
	>= 128 bits of security strength	Disallowed after 2035
Elliptic Curve DH and MQC [SP80056A]	112 bits of security strength	Deprecated after 2030 Disallowed after 2035
	>= 128 bits of security strength	Disallowed after 2035
RSA [SP80056B]	112 bits of security strength	Deprecated after 2030 Disallowed after 2035
	>= 128 bits of security strength	Disallowed after 2035

Other News

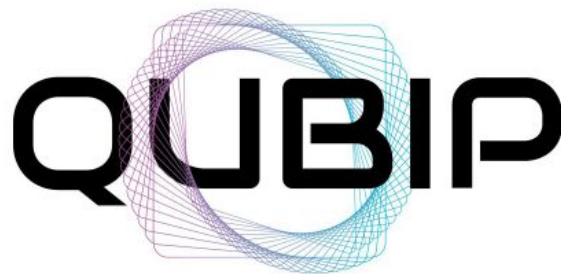


QSNS

2nd Workshop on Quantum-Secure Networks and Systems

- Second edition
 - First edition has been a success!
- Joint initiative of the **QUBIP** and **PQ-React** projects
- Co-located with the 30th IEEE Symposium on Computers and Communications, July 2-5, 2025, Bologna, Italy
- **Topic:** cybersecurity challenges of the quantum era from an engineering perspective
- **Workshop Paper Submission: February 10th, 2025**

<https://qubip.eu/qsns2025/>





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